

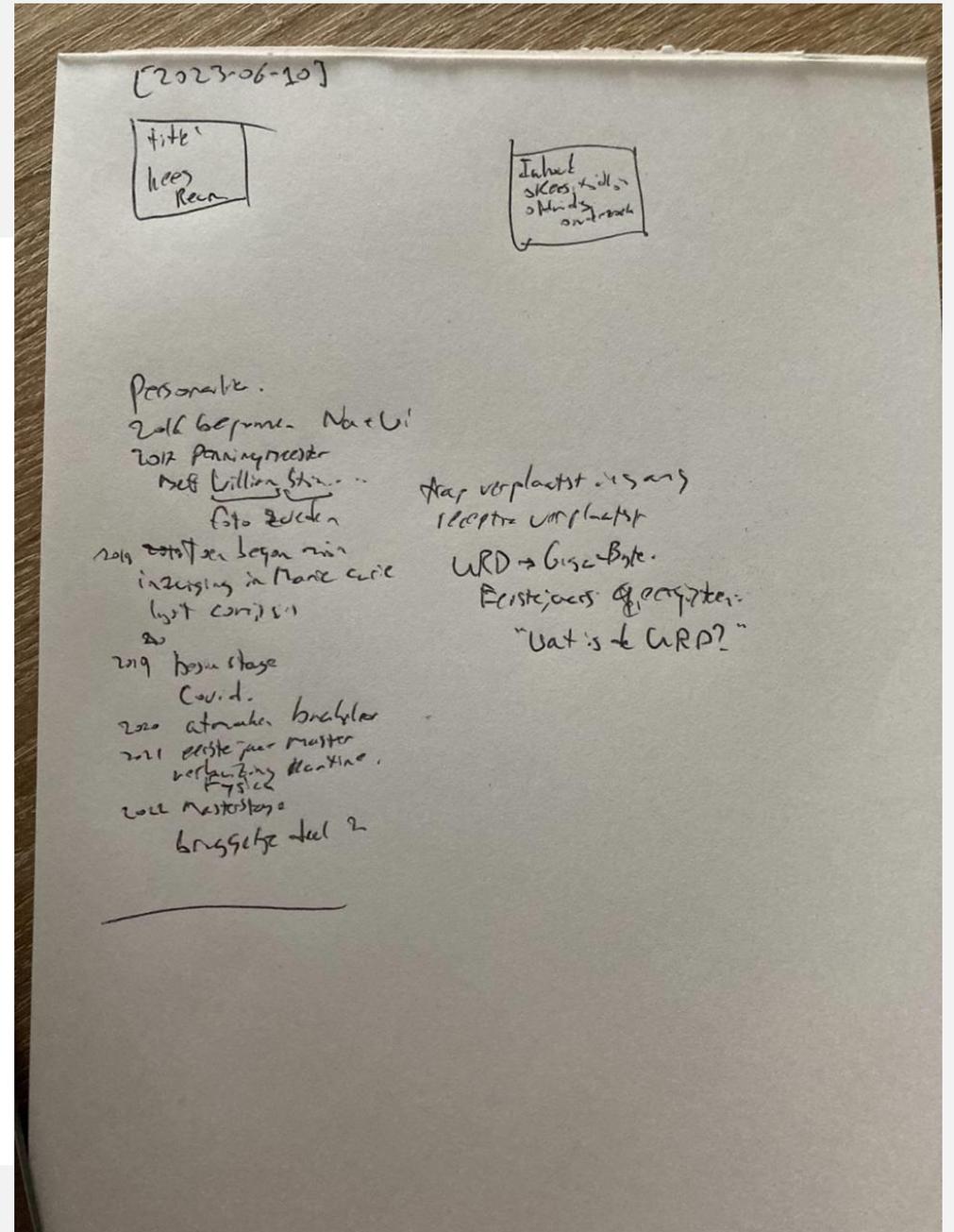
A young man with red hair is in the foreground, eating from a white paper container with a white plastic fork. He is wearing a dark brown t-shirt. In the background, a mobile laboratory setup is mounted on a silver metal trailer. The setup includes a computer monitor, keyboard, mouse, and a complex piece of scientific equipment labeled 'HORLABS' and 'NEXUS'. The trailer is parked on a gravel surface next to a grassy area. In the far background, there is a building with a sign that says 'LANDIA' and a large pile of dirt.

Reünistendag 2023

10-06-2023 voor S.V. Marie Curie
Kees van Kempen <ru@keesvankempen.nl>
Life Science Trace Detection Laboratory

INHOUD

- Tijdlijn 2016 – 2023
- Huidig onderzoek:
 - Absorptiespectroscopie met supercontinuumbronnen voor sporengassenonderzoek



TIJDLIJN 2016 – 2017

- Eerstejaars student NaSt + Wi
- Aanraking Marie Curie: Diescie met Beate en Thoma
- Tijdens een college groepentheorie door Bartje gestrikt worden te besturen



TIJDLIJN 2017 – 2018 (1/2)

- Besturen
- AVG
- Digitalisering
- Lustrum!
- Mentorouder
- Commissies:
 - Batacie
 - www-cie
 - Excurcie
- Practicum 2b
- Wiskunde is moeilijk



no details of coils, currents, pellet.....

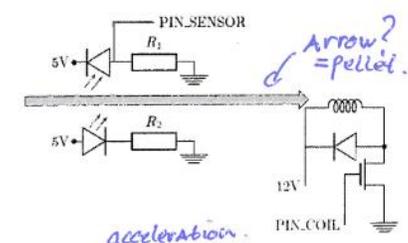


Figure 3: The stages consist of a light sensor and a solenoid switched by a MOSFET. The pins are connected to the Arduino as inputs and outputs for the sensor pins and coil pins respectively.

The light sensor is built using a LED and a photodiode. Both the LED and the photodiode are powered using a voltage of 5 V. The LED shines light through the tube at the photodiode. This light makes the photodiode conduct a reverse current. This will lead to a high voltage at the sensor pin. When the light is blocked, the current will stop and the voltage will be low. As the pellet has a predetermined width, the light is blocked for a time proportional to its width divided by its speed. This is used to determine the time the pellet reaches the center of the solenoid, and

which erities and functions. This leads to a very debuggable and modular design.

The whole setup consists of six stages which are all hooked up to the Arduino. The experiment is monitored through the serial monitor of the Arduino: an interface with the Arduino through which commands can be send and measurements can be viewed. There are two commands in this setup, *S* for starting a launch sequence and *A* for aborting the launch, to safely turn every coil off.

The complete setup is shown in figure 4. Cable management is a must for this design.

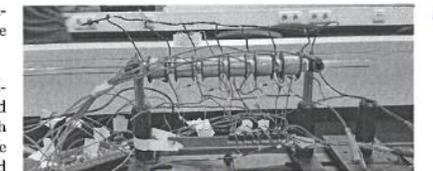


Figure 4: Here the tube is shown with the yellow solenoids and white light sensors around it. The blue cables for the coils and green cables for the light sensors are lead to the Arduino. Every solenoid is attached to the MOSFETs with a red cable.

Good Caption...

By Arduino control unit

move to earlier



TIJDLIJN
2017 – 2018 (2/2)



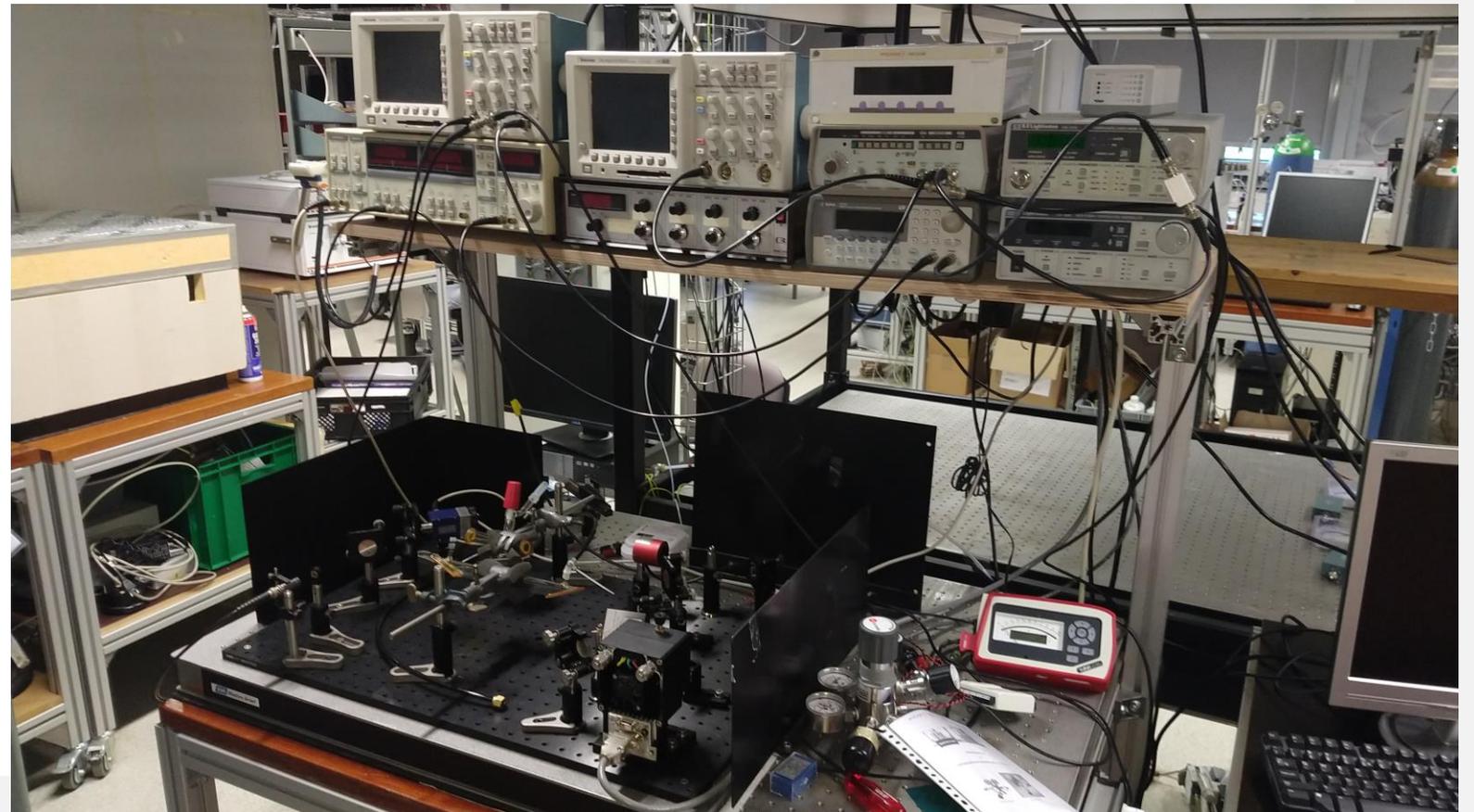
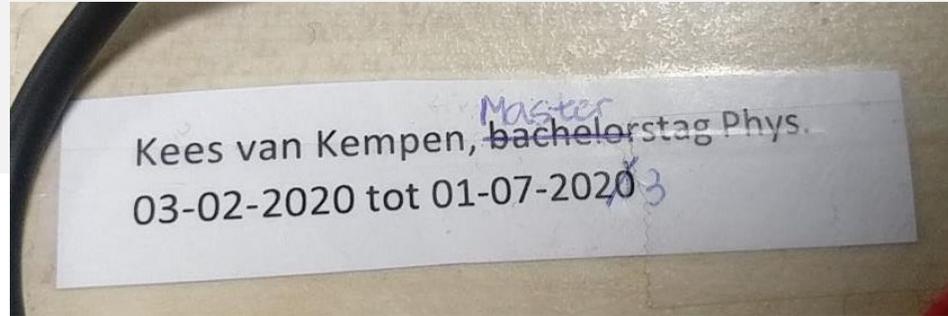
TIJDLIJN 2018 – 2019

- Studiereis Japan
- Lijst commissies werd lang
Batacie, www-cie, Educacie, Interferencie, Kascontrolecommissie, Observacie, ...
- Belangenverstrengeling



TIJDLIJN
2019 – 2020

- Bachelorstage
- Covid-19



TIJDLIJN 2020 – 2021

- Afmaken bachelorstage
- Lekker veel lock-downs
- Weer mentorouder



TIJDLIJN 2021 – 2022

- Master Physics of Molecules and Materials
- Was dit het jaar van de statutenwijziging of heb ik dat even tactisch overgeslagen?
- Nieuw Zuid



TIJDLIJN 2022 – 2023

- Masterstage bij Life Science Trace Detection Laboratory (TDLab)
- Persoonlijk Batarecord



Officieuze ploeg-uitslag van Marie Curie

☰ 10

Q

#	Naam	Tijd	Snelheid	Straftijd	Fc	Klass. tijd	#	Cum. tijd	Cum. #
01	Kees van Kempen	00:24:06	14.80	00:00:00		00:24:06	61	00:24:06	60

TIJDLIJN
2023 – ∞

- Ik ga afstuderen 😊.

RADBOUD UNIVERSITY NIJMEGEN



FACULTY OF SCIENCE

**Working title: Supercontinuum
based Fourier transform
spectroscopy for plasma, medical,
and environmental applications**

WORKING SUBTITLE: IN-SITU, IN GAS CELLS, AND OVER OPEN PATHS

MASTER INTERNSHIP LIFE SCIENCE TRACE DETECTION LABORATORY

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September 2022 – July 2023

This is draft version 0c7c54e676bfc1e17ff709427e31b0cddb435175

OVERGANG

EEN GOED MOMENT VOOR EEN KORTE PAUZE

- <https://hetiswarm.nl/>

ONDERZOEK
LIFE SCIENCE TRACE DETECTION LABORATORY



ONDERZOEK IN EEN NOTENDOP

- We kijken naar lage concentraties gas/vloeistof(/vaste stof).
- Ik kijk naar mid-infraroodspectra van moleculen.
- Ik gebruik daarvoor
 - Een supercontinuumbron
 - Een Fourier transform spectrometer
 - LabVIEW
 - MATLAB
 - Veel koffie
- Waarom dan?



ONDERZOEK MOTIVATIE

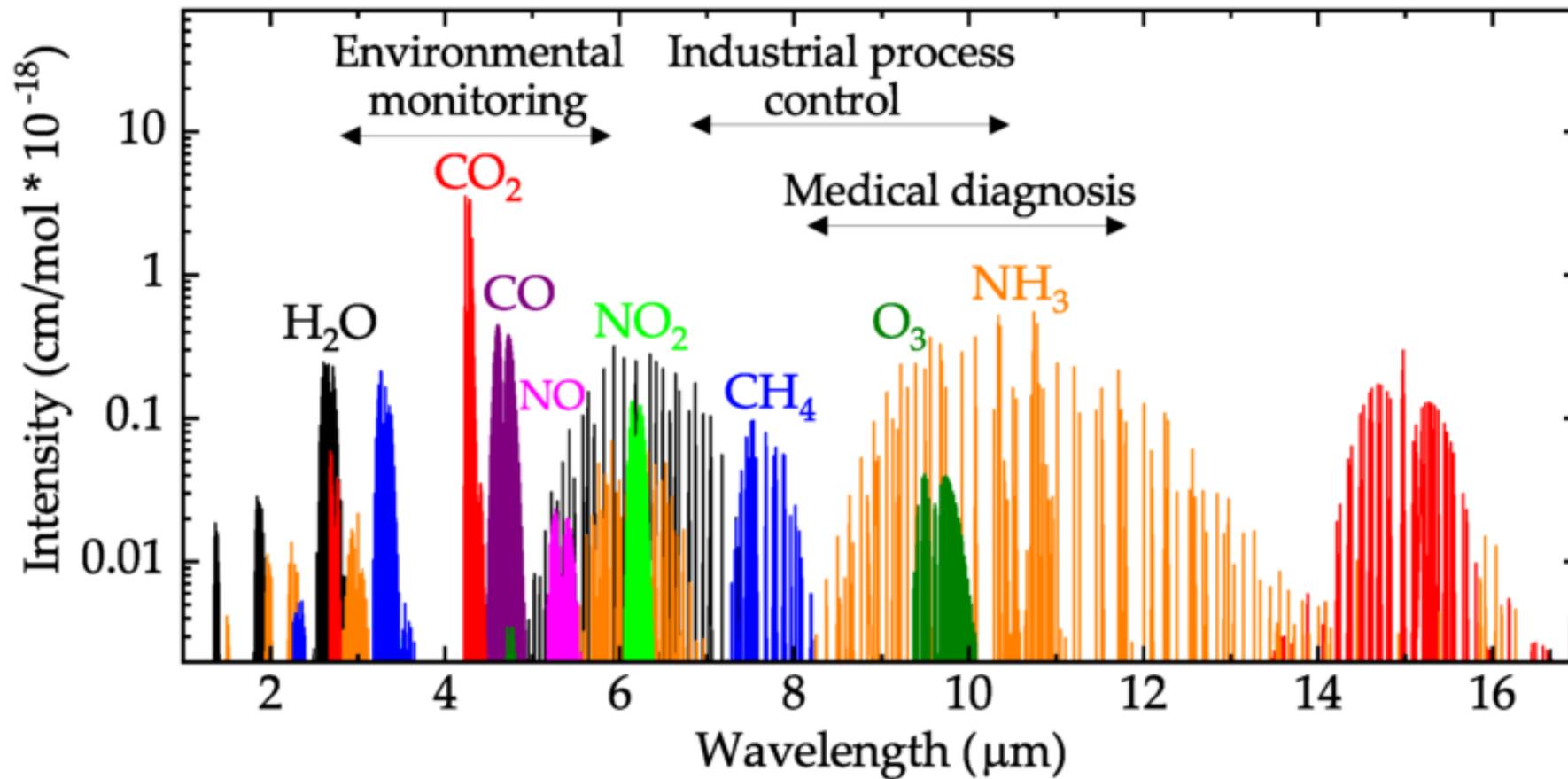
- Plasmakatalytische omzetting van CO_2 naar ethanol et al.
- Medische en algemenere gezondheidstoepassing
- Uitstoot natuur, industrie, rioolwaterzuivering



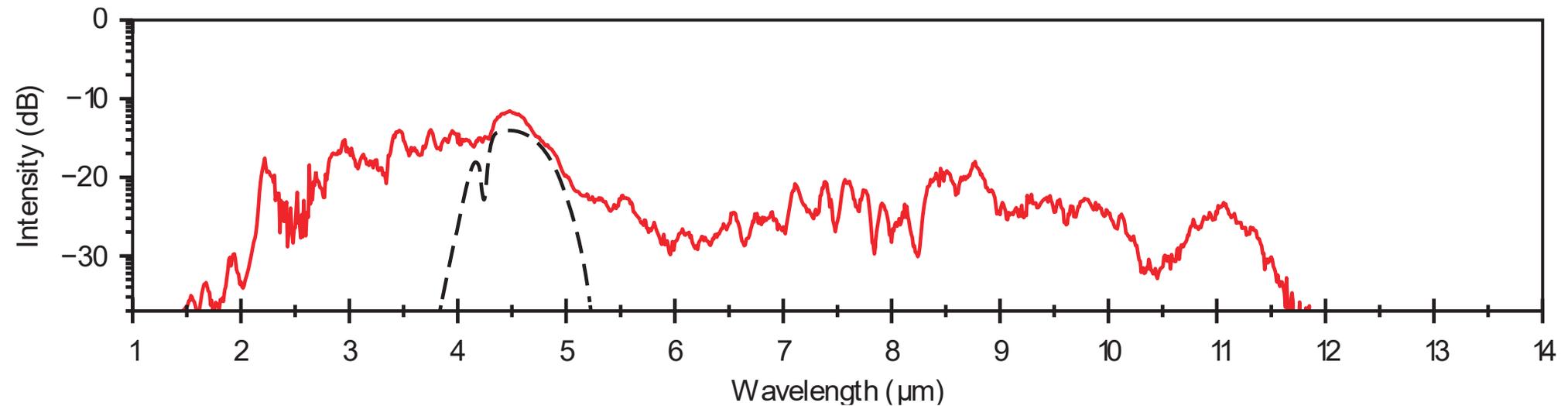
ONDERZOEK ABSORPTIESPECTRA

$$\log_{10} \frac{I_o}{I} = \epsilon l c$$

↑ Greek letter, epsilon
↑ concentration of solution (mol dm⁻³)
↑ length of solution the light passes through (cm)

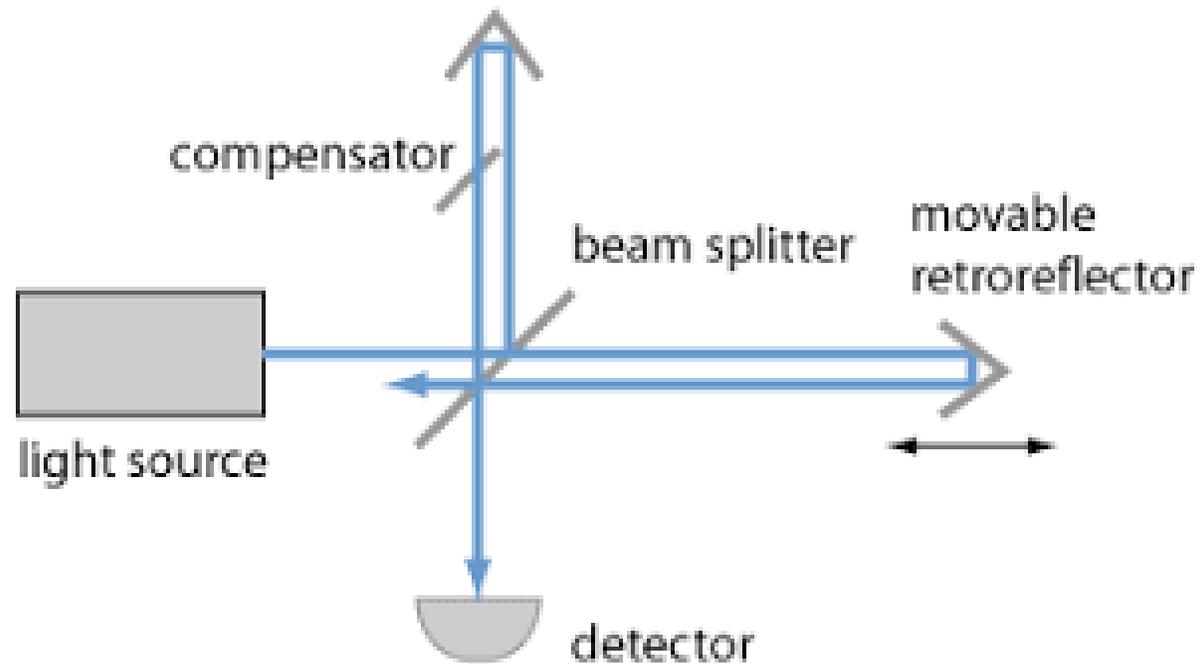


ONDERZOEK SUPERCONTINUUM

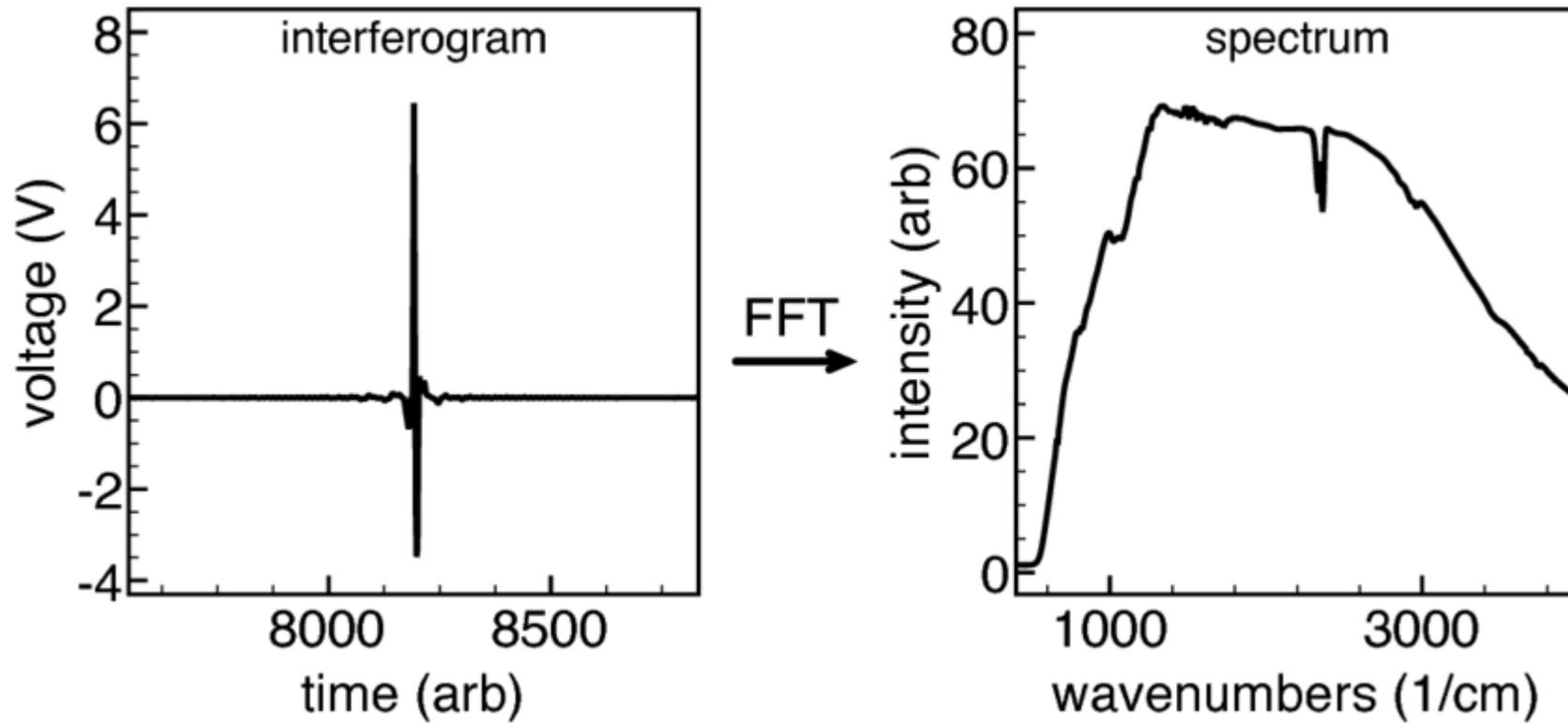


Petersen, Christian Rosenberg, e.a. 'Mid-Infrared Supercontinuum Covering the 1.4–13.3 Mm Molecular Fingerprint Region Using Ultra-High NA Chalcogenide Step-Index Fibre'. *Nature Photonics*, vol. 8, nr. 11, November 2014, pp. 830–34. DOI.org (Crossref), <https://doi.org/10.1038/nphoton.2014.213>.

ONDERZOEK
FOURIER TRANSFORM SPECTROMETER



ONDERZOEK
INTERFEROGRAM



ONDERZOEK OPSTELLING

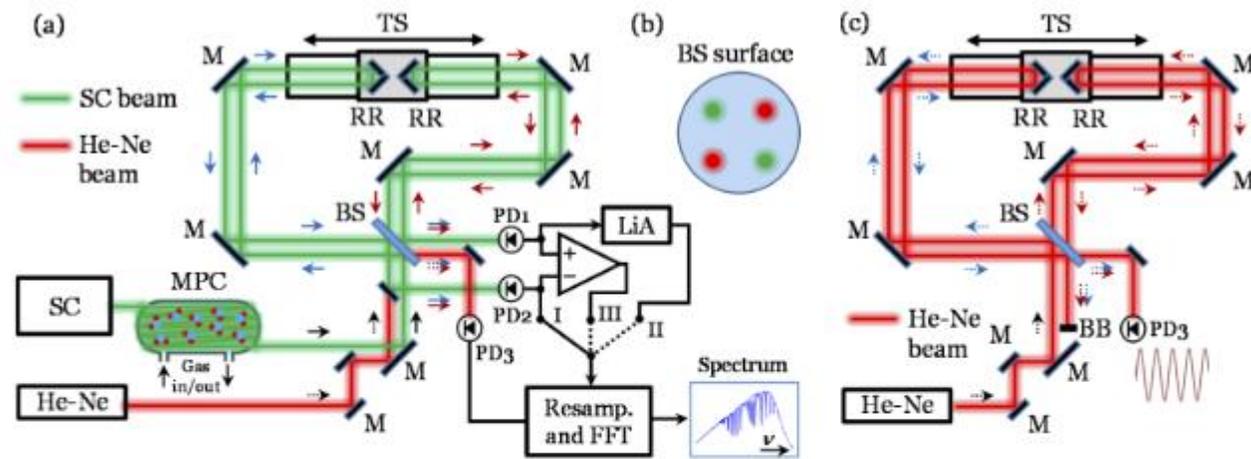
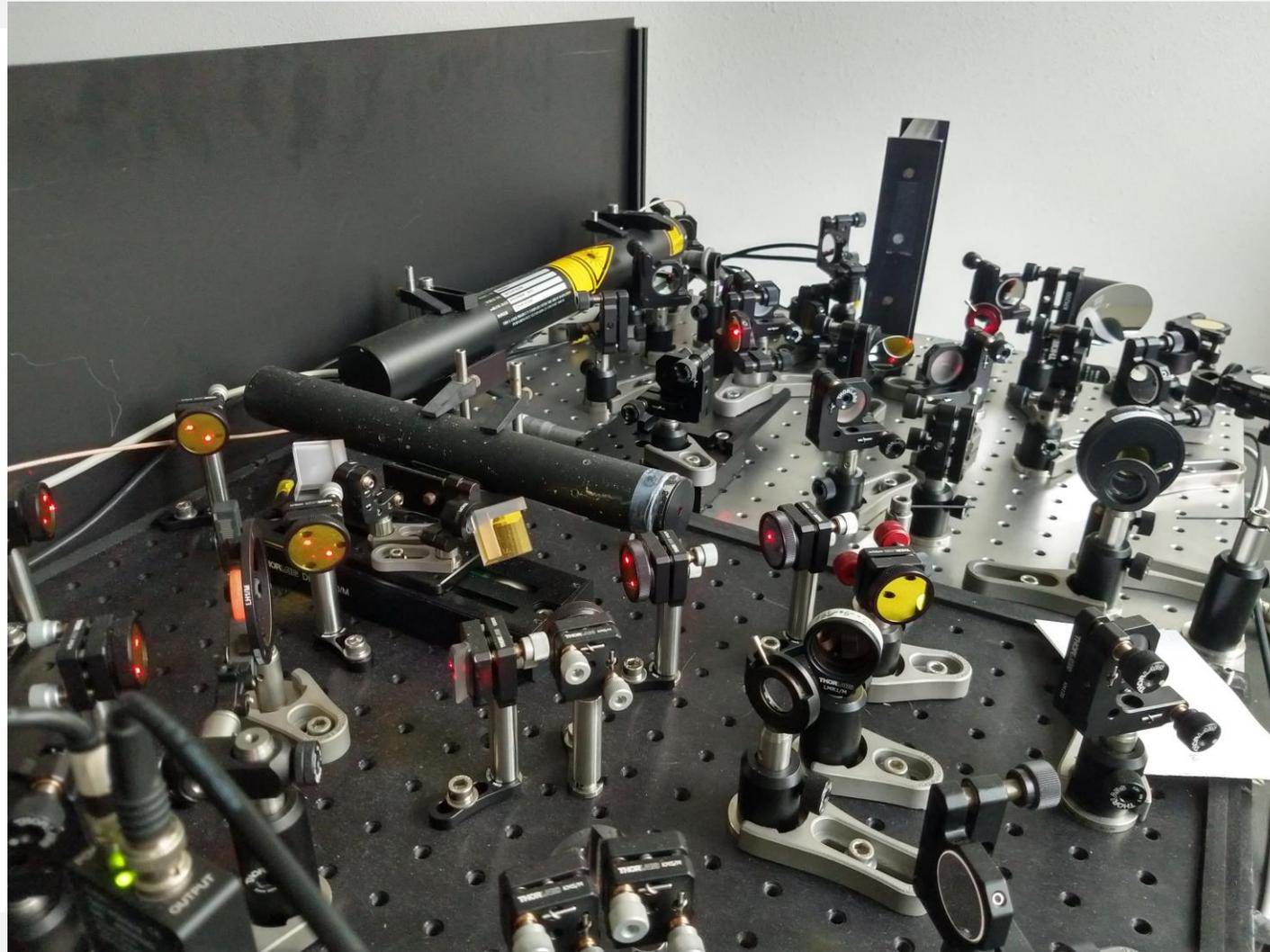
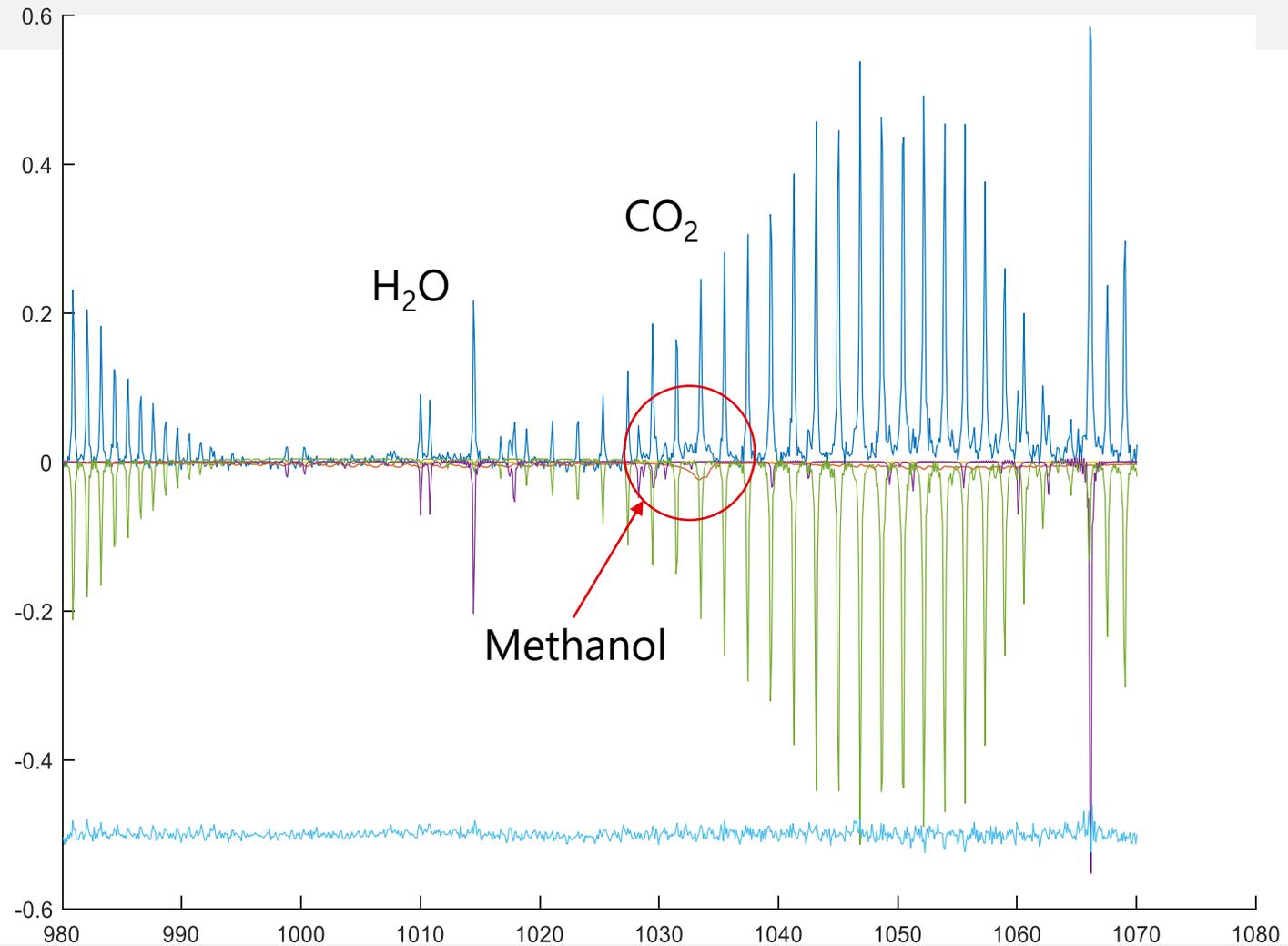


Fig. 1. (a) The experimental setup (top view of the FTS). SC: supercontinuum source, He-Ne: Helium-Neon laser, MPC: multipass cell, M: mirror, BS: beamsplitter, RR: retroreflector, TS: translation stage, LiA: lock-in amplifier. (b) The beam pattern on the surface of the beamsplitter. The two bottom beams are the insertion beams and the two top beams are the reflected beams from the retroreflectors. (c) The propagation pattern of the He-Ne laser beam in the FTS. BB: beam blocker.

ONDERZOEK
FOURIER TRANSFORM SPECTROMETER



ONDERZOEK ABSORPTIESPECTRA



ONDERZOEK PLASMA (1/2)

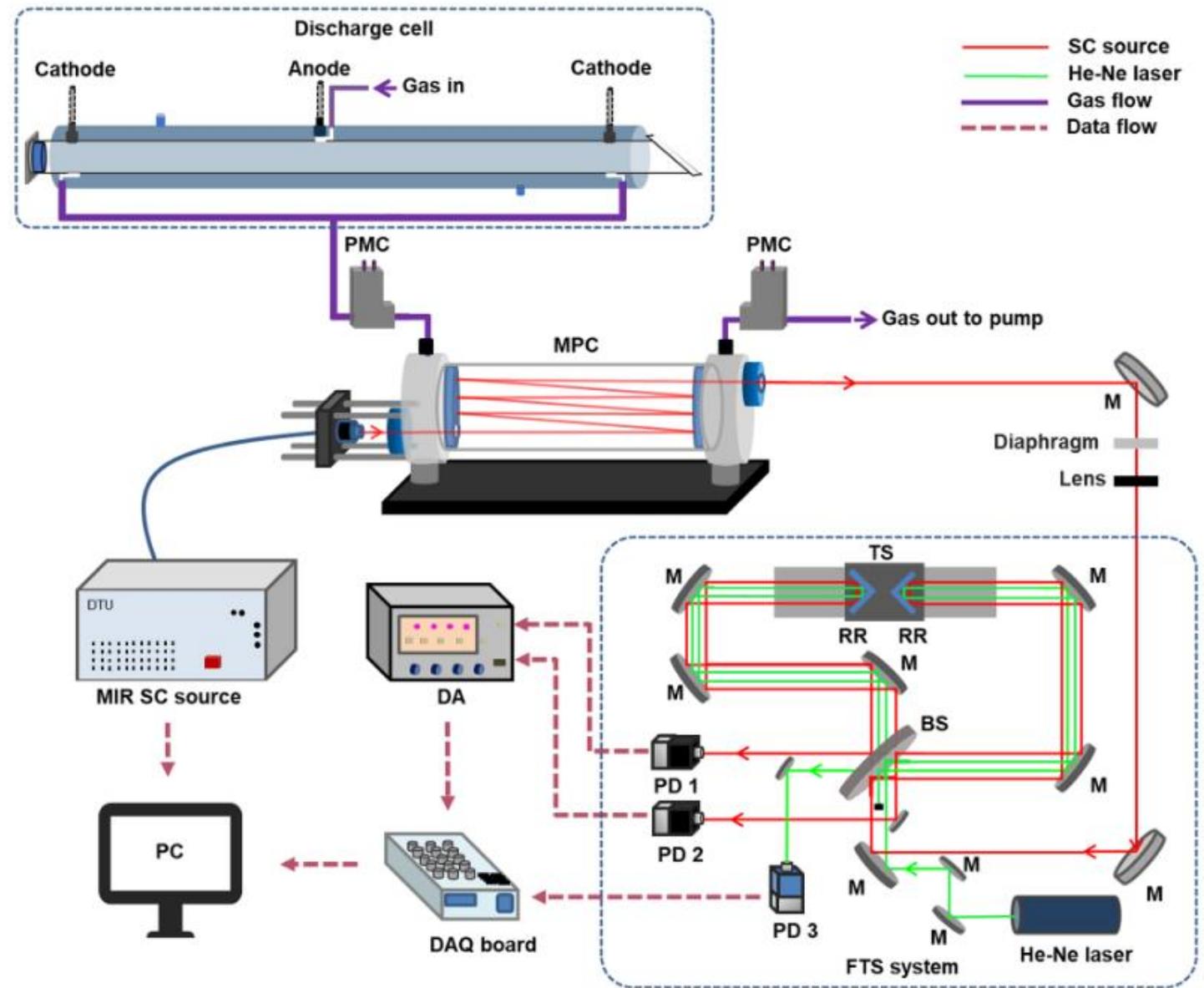
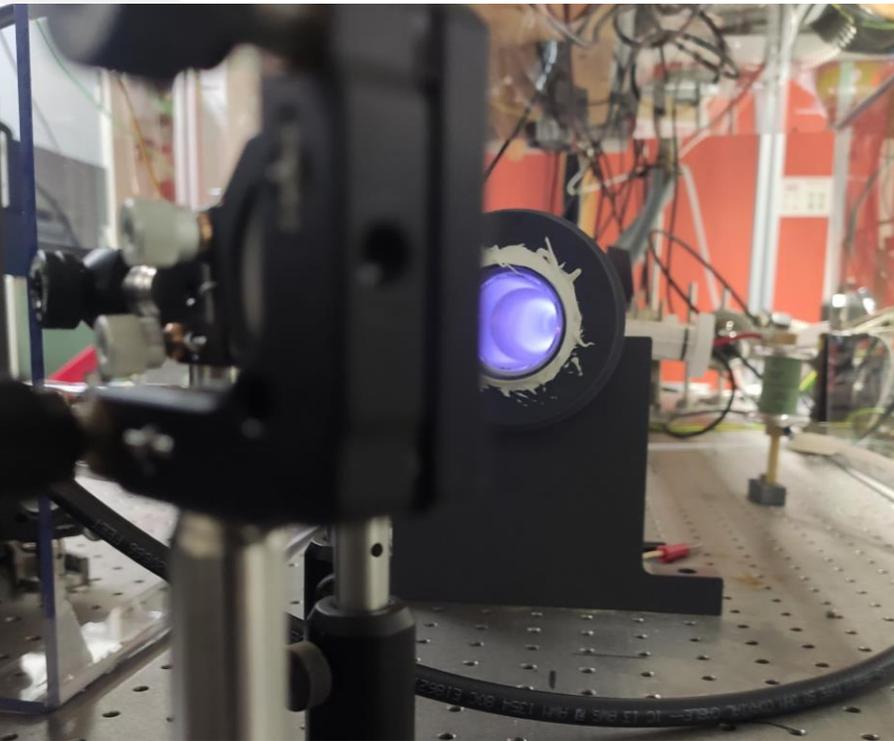


Figure 1. Experimental setup of the SC source and FTS-based multi-species detection system. *MPC* multipass cell, *PMC* pressure meter & controller, *M* mirror, *TS* translation stage, *RR* retroreflector mirror, *BS* beamsplitter, *He-Ne laser* helium–neon laser, *PD* photodetector, *DA* differential amplifier, *DAQ board* data acquisition board, *PC* computer.

ONDERZOEK
PLASMA (2/2)

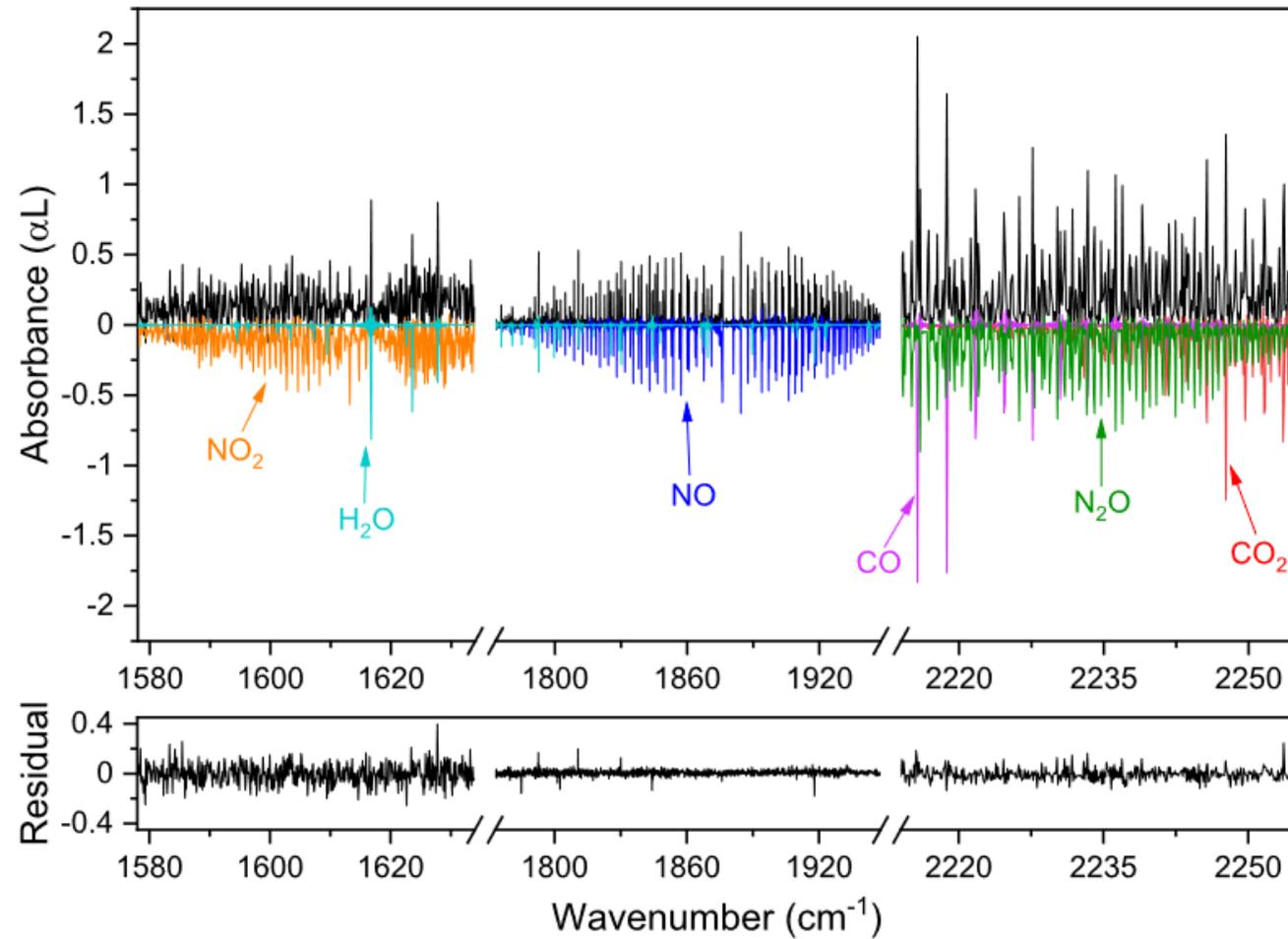
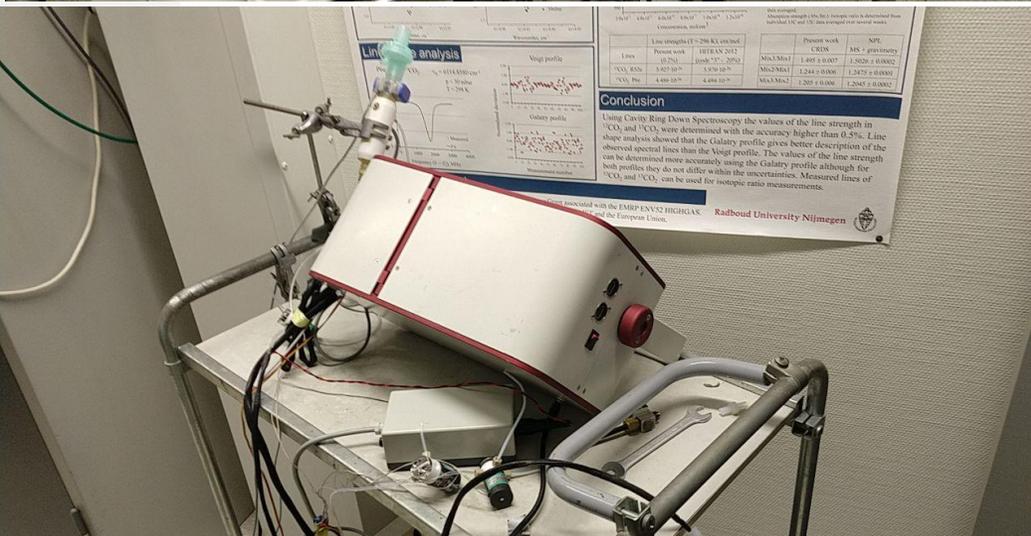
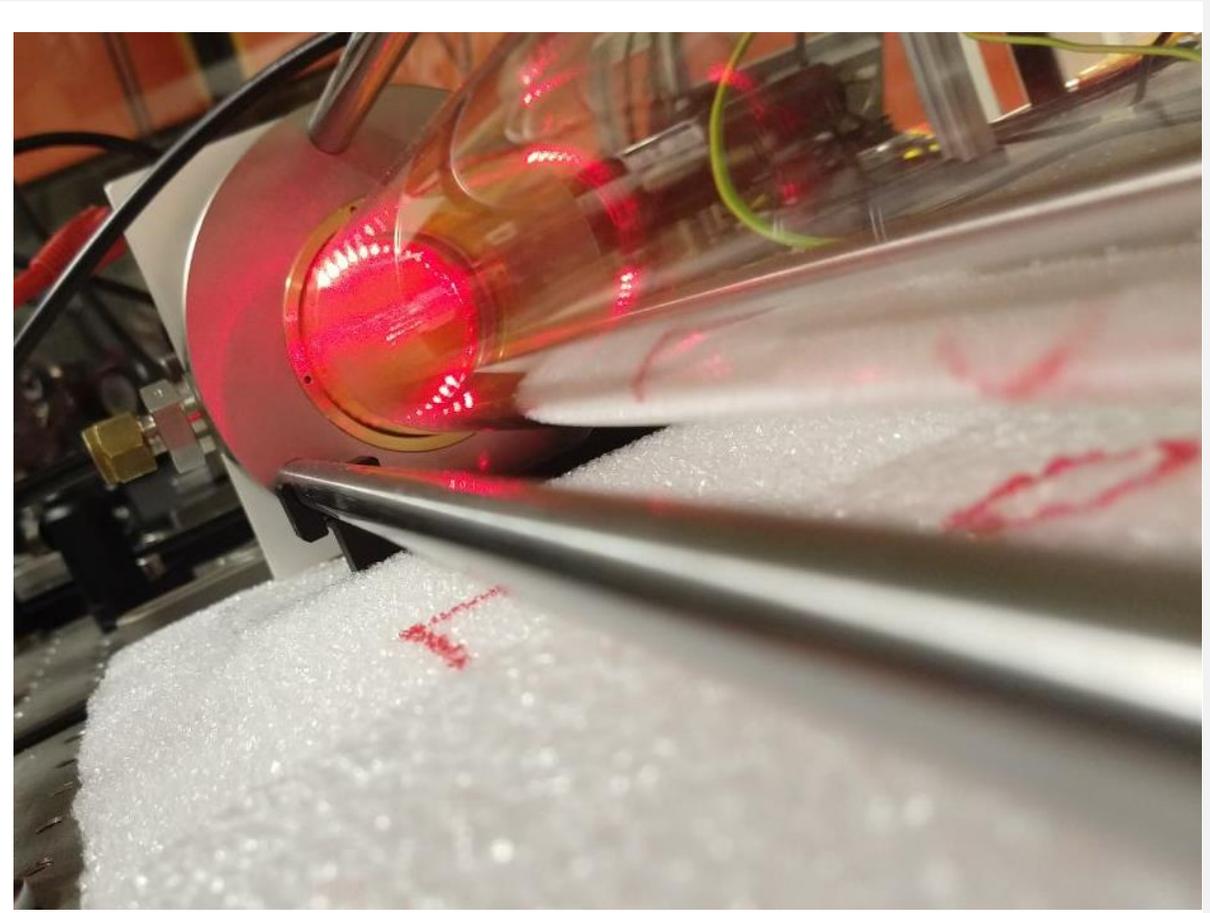


Figure 5. Measured spectrum (in black, 0.1 cm^{-1} spectral resolution, 16.5 mbar pressure, ~ 16 min) of reaction products of a 50% CO_2 /50% N_2 discharge and the fitted modelled spectra (in colors, inverted) based on the HITRAN database parameters and Voigt profiles convolved with a sinc function. The residual of the fit is shown in the lower panel.

ONDERZOEK ADEM



Line analysis

Line strengths (E=298 KJ/mol)

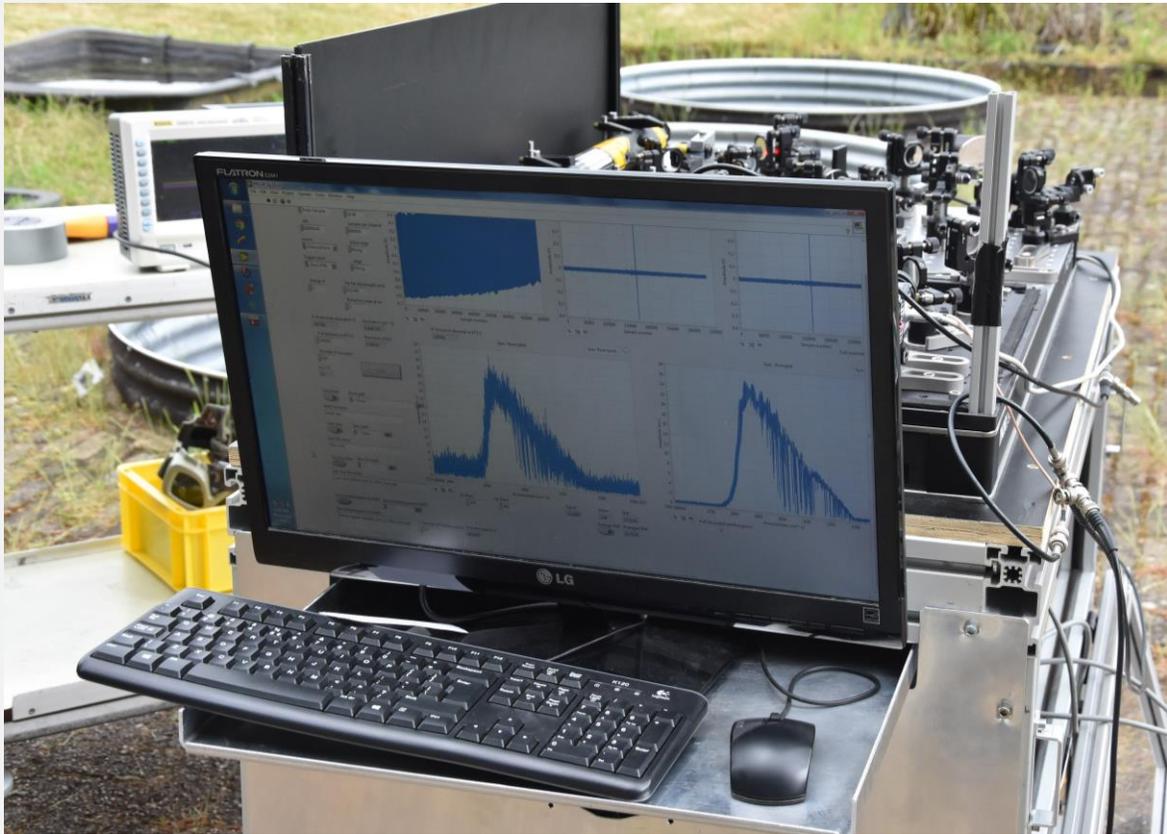
Line	Present work	HERAN 2012	NPL CSIS	MS + gravity
ν_{10}	1.02×10^{-20}	1.08×10^{-20}	1.00 ± 0.07	1.025 ± 0.002
ν_{11}	1.62×10^{-19}	1.57×10^{-19}	1.24 ± 0.06	1.27 ± 0.001
ν_{12}	4.04×10^{-19}	4.04×10^{-19}	1.20 ± 0.06	1.204 ± 0.002

Conclusion

Using Cavity Ring Down Spectroscopy the values of the line strength in $^{13}\text{CO}_2$ and $^{12}\text{CO}_2$ were determined with the accuracy higher than 0.5%. Line shape analysis showed that the Galatry profile gives better description of the observed spectral lines than the Voigt profile. The values of the line strength can be determined more accurately using the Galatry profile although for both profiles they do not differ within the uncertainties. Measured lines of $^{13}\text{CO}_2$ and $^{12}\text{CO}_2$ can be used for isotopic ratio measurements.

Radboud University Nijmegen

ONDERZOEK OPEN PAD (1/2)



ONDERZOEK OPEN PAD (2/2)

